CHANGES TO EMOTIONS AND MOOD

DEPRESSION IS A COMMON FACTOR AFTER STROKE. IT CAN AFFECT YOUR FEELINGS, THOUGHTS, AND BEHAVIOURS.



Approximately 1/3 to 2/3 of stroke survivors will experience depression. Depression can occur weeks, months, or years after stroke. It can impact your recovery and quality of life, and is also a risk factor for future stroke.

UNDERSTAND THAT **RECOVERY TAKES TIME**, AND THAT FEELINGS OF DEPRESSION ARE A NATURAL PART OF THE GRIEVING PROCESS. **BE PATIENT WITH YOURSELF.**

Stroke recovery can be a highly emotional and stressful time for both survivors and care supporters. There can be a range of changes to emotions and mood post-stroke.



EMOTIONAL SIGNS:

- Feelings of grief, sadness, anger, hopelessness or worthlessness
 Difficulty coping or controlling your emotions
 Feeling anxious or easily overwhelmed
- Problems with remembering and/or making decisions
- Significant loss of interest in activities once enjoyed
- Emotional lability: an expression of strong emotion that happens often and is unexpected or uncontrollable (i.e. laughing or crying)

WHAT YOU CAN DO





Try to **engage in exercise** and activities that you enjoy.



Eat well, limit alcohol.





Find a positive social and/ or **peer support network**. Discuss changes to your emotions and mood with your health care providers.



Maintain open and honest communication with your loved ones; **talk about your feelings** and **express your emotions**.

Learn relaxation skills; practice deep breathing, mindfulness, meditation, visualization.



Remember, depression is a medical illness that is **TREATABLE**.

Treatment can include connecting with a mental health professional, and/or taking medication.

For more information, talk to your health care providers.

THOUGHTS OF DEATH OR SUICIDE:

CALL 911 (or a mental health helpline) immediately.

